

## CLAIMS

1. A method of processing data (LECM1), encrypted according to an encryption method specific to a first domain such that they cannot be decrypted without the aid of a first secret ( $K_{N1}$ ) specific to said first domain, said data being received in a presentation device (202) connected to a network belonging to a second domain, characterized in that it comprises the steps consisting, for the presentation device, in:
  - (a) transmitting (404) to a processing device (211) connected to the network at least a portion ( $E\{K_{N1}\}(K_c)$ ) of said encrypted data;
  - (b) receiving (408) from said processing device (211) at least one element ( $E\{K_{N2}\}(K'_c)|E\{K'_c\}(K_c)$ ) being used to decrypt said received data with the aid of a second secret ( $K_{N2}$ ) specific to said second domain, said second secret being contained in the presentation device.
- 15 2. The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the data received in the presentation device (202) are encrypted with the aid of a first symmetric key ( $K_c$ ), said first symmetric key being received with said data in a form encrypted ( $E\{K_{N1}\}(K_c)$ ) with the aid of the first secret ( $K_{N1}$ );
  - 20 in that step (a) consists in transmitting to the processing device the first symmetric key encrypted ( $E\{K_{N1}\}(K_c)$ ) with the aid of the first secret; and
  - in that step (b) consists in receiving from the processing device:
    - said first symmetric key encrypted ( $E\{K'_c\}(K_c)$ ) with the aid of a second symmetric key ( $K'_c$ ); and
    - 25 - the second symmetric key encrypted ( $E\{K_{N2}\}(K'_c)$ ) with the aid of the second secret ( $K_{N2}$ ) specific to the second domain.
3. The method as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that it also comprises the steps consisting, for the presentation device, in:
  - 30 (c) decrypting (409), with the aid of the second secret ( $K_{N2}$ ), the second encrypted symmetric key ( $K'_c$ );
  - (d) decrypting (410), with the aid of the second symmetric key ( $K'_c$ ), the first encrypted symmetric key ( $K_c$ ); and
  - (e) decrypting the data received (LECM1) by said presentation
- 35 device with the aid of the first symmetric key ( $K_c$ ).

4. The method as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that it also comprises, before step (a), a step (403) consisting, for the presentation device, in generating a random number (R),

5 said random number (R) being transmitted to the processing device, in step (a), with the encryption ( $E\{K_{N1}\}(K_c)$ ) of the first symmetric key;

and in that the data received in step (b) contain a random number (R) and the first symmetric key ( $K_c$ ) encrypted ( $E\{K'_c\}(R|K_c)$ ) with the aid of the second symmetric key ( $K'_c$ );

10 step (d) also comprising the decryption, with the aid of the second symmetric ( $K'_c$ ), of the encrypted random number (R) received in step (b); and

the method also comprising, before step (e), a verification step (411) to verify that the random number (R) decrypted in step (d) is identical to the random number (R) generated before step (a); step (e) being performed only in the event of positive verification.

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5. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that a domain identifier ( $ID_{N1}$ ) is contained in the data (LECM1) received by the presentation device (202) and

20 in that said domain identifier is transmitted to the processing device (211) during step (a);

step (b) being performed only if said processing device contains the same domain identifier.